## Mathomatios



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## PREFACE

The Sindh Textbook Board is an organization charged with the preparation and publication of textbooks in the province of Sindh. Its prime objective is to develop and produce textbooks which are conductive to equip the new generation with the knowledge and acumen to prepare them to face the challenges of the rapidly changing environment. In this age of knowledge explosion and development of technology not witnessed in the human history, efforts have to be made to ensure that our children do not lag behind. The Board also strives to ensure that Universal Islamic Ideology, culture and traditions are not compromised in developing the textbooks.

To accomplish this noble task, a team of educationists, experts, working teachers and friends endeavor tirelessly to develop, text and improve contents, layout and design of the textbooks.

An attempt has made in this textbook to provide horizontal and vertical integration. The efforts of our experts and production personnel can bring about the desired results only if these textbooks are used effectively by teachers and students. Their suggestions will help us in further improving the qualitative contents of textbooks.

Chairman Sindh Textbook Board

## CONCEPT OF WHOLE NUMBERS

## NUMBERS FROM 1 TO 9



Read, trace and write.

| $\downarrow$ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| One | One | One | One | One | One |  |
| One | One | One | One | Ine | Oe |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Q1) Count and write. | Colour. |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |



Read, trace and write.

| $\rightarrow$ | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - | \% | , | , | \% | \% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Two | Two | Two | Two | Two | Two |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mo | W | M | $\cdots$ | \% | M |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |



Teacher's Note
Teacher will help students to identify the number ' 2 ' through available things in the classroom. He/She should also help in reading and writing.


## 3

## Three

Read, trace and write.

|  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Y | $\because$ | Y | Y | Y | $\because$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Three | Three | Three | Three | Three | Three |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

 things in the classroom. He/She should also help in reading and writing.


## 4

 FourRead, trace and write.

|  | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Four | Four | Four | Four | Four | Four |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |



Teacher will help students to identify the number ' 4 ' through available things in the classroom. He/She should also help in reading and writing. Moreover in practice we will write 4 as 4 .


Read, trace and write.

|  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\square$ | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |  |
| $\square$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\vdots$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Five | Five | Five | Five | Five | Five |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |



Teacher's Note
Teacher will help students to identify the number ' 5 ' through available things in the classroom. He/She should also help in reading and writing.

## Read, trace and write.

| 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\square$ | $\ddots$ | $\ddots$ | $\vdots$ | $\vdots$ | $\vdots$ |  |
| $\square$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Six | Six | Six | Six | Six | Six |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\ddots x$ | $\ddots$ | $\ddots$ | $\ddots$ | $\ddots$ | $\ddots$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Count and write.

Teacher will help students to identify the number ' 6 ' through available things in the classroom. He/She should also help in reading and writing.


Read, trace and write.

|  | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\stackrel{\square}{\square}$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Seven | Seven | Seven | Seven | Seven | Seven |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ¢४\% | ↔४\% | ¢у | ↔४\% | ¢v\% | ↔ヌ\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |



Teacher's Note
Teacher will help students to identify the number ' 7 ' through available things in the classroom. He/She should also help in reading and writing.


Read, trace and write.

|  | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(0)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $(0)$ | 世 | e | e | e | e |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Eight | Eight | Eight | Eight | Eight | Eight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |



Teacher will help students to identify the number ' 8 ' through available things in the classroom. He/She should also help in reading and writing.

Read, trace and write.

| 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(0$ | $\ddots$ | $\vdots$ |  | $\vdots$ | $\vdots$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Nine | Nine | Nine | Nine | Nine | Nine |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Som | No | U-a | Ua | - | \%o |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |



Teacher's Note
Teacher will help students to identify the number ' 9 ' through available things in the classroom. He/She should also help in reading and writing. Moreover in practice we will write 9 as 9 .

## CONCEPT OF WHOLE NUMBERS

## CONCEPT OF ZERO (0)



Count and write the number of eggs.


This basket has no eggs.
We write it as 0 .
Read as Zero.


Read, trace and write.

| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\vdots$ | $\vdots$ | $\vdots$ | $\vdots$ | $\vdots$ | $\vdots$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Zero | Zero | Zero | Zero | Zero | Zero |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Teacher will help students to build concept of ' 0 '. He/She should also help in reading and writing and practice with different available things.


We can write these numbers as:
0
1
2345
6.7
89

Match the number with its name.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
0 & \text { Seven } \\
3 & \text { Zero } \\
7 & \text { Four } \\
1 & \text { Three } \\
4 & \text { One }
\end{array}
$$ from 0 to 9.



Read aloud and write.

| ZERO | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ONE | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TWO | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| THREE | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FOUR | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FIVE | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SIX | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SEVEN | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EIGHT | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NINE | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Count and match the numbers of the objects.

| 0 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 2 |

Q Count the things and write their numbers.


Teacher will help the students to find the objects in the picture and write the numbers in boxes.

| 令 | 9 | Nine |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8 | Eight |
| 匂匂 | 7 | Seven |
| 垥 $\dagger$ 去 | 6 | Six |
| 令分真 | 5 | Five |
| 会分会令 | 4 | Four |
| 令 $\dagger$ | 3 | Three |
| 令 | 2 | Two |
| $\dagger$ | 1 | One |
|  | 0 | Zero |

We can write these numbers as；
9
8
7
65
4 3 2
0

Complete the following．


## Ascending order

- 

Ascending means going up or smaller to bigger.


$\square$
Write these numbers in ascending order.
 and practice through flash cards also.

## Descending order



Descending means coming down or bigger to smaller.


Teacher's Note
Teacher will help the students in arranging numbers in descending order and practice through flash cards also.


## Which number comes in between?

 before and number and between two numbers.

## CONCEPT OF WHOLE NUMBERS

## CONCEPT OF 10



If one more star is included to 9 stars we get ten stars.
We write ten as 10.


Compare and order the numbers 0 to 10
Count the objects and tick $(\checkmark)$ the bigger number.


Tick $(\checkmark)$ the bigger number.

| 7 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- |


| 8 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- |


| 4 | 7 |
| :--- | :--- |


| 0 | 9 |
| :--- | :--- |


| 1 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- |

Write the bigger number.

| 6 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |



| 8 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- |

1 Colour the box of bigger number.

| 6 | 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 2 |$\quad$| 7 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |$\quad$| 3 | 10 |
| :--- | :--- |

0
Write the given numbers in order.

| 4 | 6 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9 | 10 | 8 | and he/she should also help to identify the order of numbers.

Count the objects and tick $(\checkmark)$ the smaller numbers.


4
Tick $(\checkmark)$ the box of smaller number.


Write the smaller number.

| 7 | 8 |
| :--- | :--- |




Colour the box of smaller number.


(1)Write the given numbers from smaller to bigger.
 he/she should also help to identify the smaller number.

## NUMBERS UP TO 99

Count and read numbers from 10 to 19.

| Objects | Tens （T） | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Ones } \\ (0) \end{gathered}$ | Number |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | In figures | In words |
| \％ | 1 | 0 | 10 | Ten |
| 明 | 1 | 1 | 11 | Eleven |
| 哏 | 1 | 2 | 12 | Twelve |
| 限00］ | 1 | 3 | 13 | Thirteen |
|  | 1 | 4 | 14 | Fourteen |
|  | 1 | 5 | 15 | Fifteen |
| \％ 6000 | 1 | 6 | 16 | Sixteen |
|  | 1 | 7 | 17 | Seventeen |
|  | 1 | 8 | 18 | Eighteen |
|  | 1 | 9 | 19 | Nineteen |



Write the numbers．

| 1 Ten 4 Ones$\mathbf{1 4}$ 1 Ten 2 Ones $\square$ 1 Ten 5 Ones $\square$ <br> 1 Ten 7 Ones $\square$ 1 Ten 8 Ones $\square$ 1 Ten 9 Ones $\square$ $\mathbf{l}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


Count and read numbers from 20 to 29.

| Objects | Tens (T) | Ones (0) | Number |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | In figures | In words |
|  | 2 | 0 | 20 | Twenty |
|  | 2 | 1 | 21 | Twenty one |
|  | 2 | 2 | 22 | Twenty two |
|  | 2 | 3 | 23 | Twenty three |
|  | 2 | 4 | 24 | Twenty four |
|  | 2 | 5 | 25 | Twenty five |
|  | 2 | 6 | 26 | Twenty six |
|  | 2 | 7 | 27 | Twenty seven |
|  | 2 | 8 | 28 | Twenty eight |
|  | 2 | 9 | 29 | Twenty nine |



Write the numbers.

| 2 Tens 4 Ones $\mathbf{2 4}$ | 2 Tens 2 Ones $\square$ | 2 Tens 5 Ones $\square$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 Tens 7 Ones $\square$ | 2 Tens 8 Ones $\square$ | 2 Tens 9 Ones $\square$ |


Count and read numbers from 30 to 39.

| Objects | Tens (T) | Ones (0) | Number |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Infigures | In words |
|  | 3 | 0 | 30 | Thirty |
|  | 3 | 1 | 31 | Thirty one |
|  | 3 | 2 | 32 | Thirty two |
|  | 3 | 3 | 33 | Thirty three |
|  | 3 | 4 | 34 | Thirty four |
|  | 3 | 5 | 35 | Thirty five |
|  | 3 | 6 | 36 | Thirty six |
|  | 3 | 7 | 37 | Thirty seven |
|  | 3 | 8 | 38 | Thirty eight |
|  | 3 | 9 | 39 | Thirty nine |



Write the numbers.

| 3 Tens 4 Ones $\mathbf{3 4}$ | 3 Tens 2 Ones $\square$ | 3 Tens 5 Ones $\square$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 Tens 7 Ones $\square$ | 3 Tens 8 Ones $\square$ | 3 Tens 9 Ones $\square$ |


Count and read numbers from 40 to 49.

| Objects | Tens (T) | Ones (0) | Number |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | In figures | In words |
|  | 4 | 0 | 40 | Forty |
|  | 4 | 1 | 41 | Forty one |
|  | 4 | 2 | 42 | Forty two |
|  | 4 | 3 | 43 | Forty three |
|  | 4 | 4 | 44 | Forty four |
|  | 4 | 5 | 45 | Forty five |
|  | 4 | 6 | 46 | Forty six |
|  | 4 | 7 | 47 | Forty seven |
|  | 4 | 8 | 48 | Forty eight |
|  | 4 | 9 | 49 | Forty nine |



Match the following.


Teacher's Note
Teacher will help the students in counting, reading and writing the numbers from 40 to 49.

Count and read numbers from 50 to 59.

| Objects | Tens <br> (T) | Ones <br> (0) | Number |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | In figures | In words |  |  |
|  | 5 | 0 | 50 | Fifty |
|  | 5 | 1 | 51 | Fifty one |
|  | 5 | 2 | 52 | Fifty two |
|  | 5 | 3 | 53 | Fifty three |
|  | 5 | 4 | 54 | Fifty four |
|  | 5 | 5 | 55 | Fifty five |
|  | 5 | 6 | 56 | Fifty six |



Match the following.
 the numbers from 50 to 59 .

Count and read numbers from 60 to 69.

| Objects | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tens } \\ & (\mathrm{T}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Ones (0) | Number |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | In figures | In words |
|  | 6 | 0 | 60 | Sixty |
| C | 6 | 1 | 61 | Sixty one |
| 㖇 | 6 | 2 | 62 | Sixty two |
|  | 6 | 3 | 63 | Sixty three |
|  | 6 | 4 | 64 | Sixty four |
| Wemmulum | 6 | 5 | 65 | Sixty five |
| NUlUDI | 6 | 6 | 66 | Sixty six |
|  | 6 | 7 | 67 | Sixty seven |
|  | 6 | 8 | 68 | Sixty eight |
|  | 6 | 9 | 69 | Sixty nine |



Match the following.
 the numbers from 60 to 69.

2
Count and read numbers from 70 to 79.

| Objects | Tens <br> (T) | Ones <br> (0) | Number |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | nn figures | In words |  |  |
|  | 7 | 0 | 70 | Seventy |
|  | 7 | 1 | 71 | Seventy one |
|  | 7 | 2 | 72 | Seventy two |
|  | 7 | 3 | 73 | Seventy three |
|  | 7 | 4 | 74 | Seventy four |
|  | 7 | 5 | 75 | Seventy five |
|  | 7 | 6 | 76 | Seventy six |

$\triangle$Match the following.


79
70

Seventy one Seventy nine Seventy Seventy two Seventy six Seventy eight

Teacher's Note
Teacher will help the students in counting, reading and writing the numbers from 70 to 79 .

Count and read numbers from 80 to 89.

| Objects | Tens(T) | Ones(0) | Number |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | In figures | In words |
|  | 8 | 0 | 80 | Eighty |
|  | 8 | 1 | 81 | Eighty one |
| 䍕 | 8 | 2 | 82 | Eighty two |
|  | 8 | 3 | 83 | Eighty three |
|  | 8 | 4 | 84 | Eighty four |
| Hermuld | 8 | 5 | 85 | Eighty five |
|  | 8 | 6 | 86 | Eighty six |
| NOMDLI | 8 | 7 | 87 | Eighty seven |
|  | 8 | 8 | 88 | Eighty eight |
|  | 8 | 9 | 89 | Eighty nine |



Match the following.


89


80 the numbers from 80 to 89 .

Count and read numbers from 90 to 99.
$\left.\begin{array}{|c|c|c|l|l|}\hline \text { Objects } & \text { Tens } \\ \text { (T) }\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Ones } \\ \text { (0) }\end{array}\right)$
 Match the following.
 the numbers from 90 to 99 .

## CONCEPT OF PLACE VALUES

$\otimes$
Count and write the numbers.

| Tens and ones objects | Tens (T) | Ones (0) | Number |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Infigures | In words |
| 70701010 | 1 | 5 | 15 | Fifteen |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Binnon |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |



Identify the place value.
In 67 the place value of 7 is Ones
In 42 the place value of In 50 the place value of is Tens 0 is Ones

Write the place value of numbers given in blue box.



Count tens and ones and write numbers in boxes.


Tens
One


Teacher's Note

Teacher will help the students to identify and write the place value of numbers given in blue box and he will also help the students in counting and writing the numbers.


Write the numbers from given tens and ones.


Write tens and ones of given numbers.

| 19 is $\square$ Ten $\square$ ones | 67 is $\square$ Tens $\square$ ones |
| :--- | :--- |
| 36 is $\square$ Tens $\square$ ones | 72 is $\square$ Tens $\square$ ones |
| 46 is $\square$ Tens $\square$ ones | 81 is $\square$ Tens $\square$ one |
| 53 is $\square$ Tens $\square$ ones | 92 is $\square$ Tens $\square$ ones |

Compare one and two digit numbers


Circle the smaller number.

| 8 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- |


$0 \quad 4$

| 7 | 9 |
| :--- | :--- |


| 5 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- |

69

Circle the bigger number.

| 5 | 7 |
| :--- | :--- |



| 2 | 3 | 9 | 8 | 6 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

g
Colour the box of smaller number.
3040
5363
912
3545
5025
1550

Colour the box of bigger number.
1729
8060
6484
$49 \quad 94$
1619
$14 \mid 31$

## Increasing order

These numbers are in increasing order.


Write the numbers in increasing order.


## Decreasing order

T. These numbers are in decreasing order.


Write the numbers in decreasing order. 30 to 21
302928272625242321

## 50 to 41



75 to 66
75
89 8, 8

99 to 90



Write the given numbers in increasing order.


Increasing order

 Write the given numbers in decreasing order.


Decreasing order


\section*{| Write |
| :--- | :--- |
| 38 | <br> 4917}


| 39 | 50 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 52 | 48 |

Write the numbers in decreasing order.

9386
7865

| 62 | 82 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 72 | 92 |



The smallest number is
The greatest number is


The smallest number is $\qquad$
The greatest number is

Teacher will help the students to write the numbers in increasing and decreasing order.

CONCEPT OF WHOLE NUMBERS (Concept of place values)
Before, after and between


- Write the missing numbers.
 before or after or between.


## CONCEPT OF WHOLE NUMBERS

Read and write the numbers in increasing order.

|  | $\mathfrak{Z}$ |  | \% | $\therefore$ | $\cdots$ |  | -- | - | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\square$ <br> $\vdots$ <br> $\vdots$ | $\square$ $\cdots$ <br> $\vdots$ $\therefore$ | (\%) | $\square$ $\vdots$ | $\square$  <br> $\vdots$  <br> $\vdots$  <br>  $\ddots$ |  |  |  | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{cc}\therefore & \cdots \\ \vdots & \ddots\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\therefore$ |  |  |  |  | 速 |

## CONCEPT OF WHOLE NUMBERS

Read and write the numbers in decreasing order.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## CONCEPT OF 100



Count and read in tens.

| Objects | Counting in Tens | Number |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { in } \\ \text { figures } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { in } \\ \text { words } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | One ten | 10 | Ten |
|  | Two tens | 20 | Twenty |
|  | Three tens | 30 | Thirty |
|  | Four tens | 40 | Forty |
|  | Five tens | 50 | Fifty |
|  | Six tens | 60 | Sixty |
|  | Seven tens | 70 | Seventy |
|  | Eight tens | 80 | Eighty |
|  | Nine tens | 90 | Ninety |
|  | Ten tens | 100 | Hundred |
| 10 tens make 100 | d as one hun | dred. |  |

10 Tens is equal to 100 and read as one hundred. give the concept of hundred.

Write the missing numbers.

| 1 |  |  | 4 |  | 6 |  | 8 |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 11 |  | 13 |  |  | 16 |  |  | 19 |  |
|  | 22 |  |  | 25 |  | 27 |  |  | 30 |
| 31 |  |  | 34 |  | 36 |  |  | 39 |  |
|  |  | 43 |  | 45 |  |  | 48 |  |  |
|  | 52 |  | 54 |  |  | 57 |  |  | 60 |
| 61 |  |  | 64 |  | 66 |  |  | 69 |  |
|  | 72 |  |  | 75 |  |  | 78 |  |  |
| 81 |  | 83 |  | 85 |  |  |  |  | 90 |
|  | 92 |  | 94 |  | 96 |  |  | 99 |  |

Count and write the number.
 up to 100 .

## CONCEPT OF WHOLE NUMBERS

## CARDINAL AND ORDINAL NUMBERS



Look at the positions.

|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Third } \\ & 3^{\text {r }} \end{aligned}$ | Fourth $4^{\text {th }}$ | th | $\begin{aligned} & \text { th } \\ & \text { th } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tenth } \\ & 10^{\text {th }} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



1
From the above picture identify the position of animals.


Teacher's Note

Teacher will help the students to identify the position of objects using ordinal numbers.

1
Match the following.

| $1^{\text {st }}$ |  | Second | $6^{\text {th }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Third | $7^{\text {th }}$ | Eighth |
| $3^{\text {td }}$ |  | First | $8^{\text {th }}$ |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ | Fifth | $9^{\text {th }}$ | Sixth |
| $5^{\text {th }}$ |  | Fourth | $10^{\text {th }}$ |

## 4 <br> Tick $(\checkmark)$ the word that tells which picture is circled in each row:



Teacher's Note Teacher will help the students to identify the position of objects.

## COMPARING AND ORDERING



Count, write and tick $(\checkmark)$ the bigger number and cross $(X)$ the smaller number.


Count, write and $\operatorname{cross}(x)$ the smaller number and tick $(\checkmark)$ the bigger number.


Tick $(\checkmark)$ the biggest group and cross $(x)$ the smallest group.


Teacher's Note Teacher will help the students to recognize the number greater or less than the other by comparison.

Write which group has more and which has less.



Count and write the numbers. Tick $(\checkmark)$ for more objects and cross ( $\boldsymbol{X}$ ) for less objects.
 and decide which one is more/less than the other.

## NUMBER OPERATIONS

## ADDITION

Count, compare and write how much more one is from the other.


## ADDITION AND EQUALITY SYMBOLS

+ is the sign of addition, read as plus.
= is the sign of equality, read as is equal to. when we add two numbers, we get their sum.


We say that 2 and 3 make 5 . We can write it as: $2+3=5$


We say that $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ make $\qquad$ .

We can write it as: $\qquad$ $+$ $\qquad$ $=$ putting together.

## ADDITION OF NUMBERS

Add two 1-digit numbers.
[
Add the following numbers.

| $6+3=\square 9$ |
| :--- |
| $3+4=\square$ |
| $\mathbf{1 + 7}=\square$ |
| $\mathbf{2 + 6}=\square$ |
| $6+\mathbf{1}=\square$ |
| $\mathbf{7 + 0}=\square$ |
| $\mathbf{8 + 1}=\square$ |
| $9+0=\square$ |
| $\mathbf{0 + 6}=\square$ |
| $5+3=\square$ |
| $4+4=\square$ |
| $\mathbf{2 + 5}=\square$ |



Teacher's Note
Teacher will teach the students to add the numbers by using any objects.
For example $2 .+{ }_{0.0}=5$

Add a 2-digit number with 1-digit number


Add the following:

(1) Add the following numbers.


Teacher's Note Teacher will help the students to add the numbers by using ones and tens.

Add a 2-digit numbers with tens Add the following:

(9) Add the following numbers.


Add two 2-digit numbers
Add the following numbers.


## Add mentally.

Asad had 010.
His father gave him 06 more.
Now Asad has 5 pencils.

Fahad had 0000
Nazir gave him more.
Now Fahad has $\square$ balloons.

```
Mariam has
Sara gave her \(Q\) more.
Now Mariam has \(\square\) balls.
```

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { There are } 000 \\
& \text { and } 00 \text { more. } \\
& \text { Now there are } \square \text { apples. }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { mere sitting and } \\
& \text { Now there are } \square \text { birds sitting. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Construct addition equations
How many?


N
Count and complete the following.


Teacher's Note

Teacher will help the students to construct some more such addition equations.

## NUMBER OPERATIONS

## SUBTRACTION



Fill in the blanks:


## SUBTRACTION SYMBOL

## (6) Fish

## Take away 2



How many left?
4

## Subtraction means taking away


(9) Birds
(3) Flew away

How many left?

(7)

Take away (2) How many left?
 by taking some such more examples.

- is the subtraction symbol.


Out of 7 ice creams, 2 are taken away.
How many left? 5
Here we subtract 2 from 7 and get 5 .
In symbols, we write it as:
7-2)=5

| Take away 2 books | Take away 3 erasers |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 4 | -2 | 6 |

 subtraction (-) symbol.

## SUBTRACTION OF NUMBERS



Subtract the following numbers．
－००申申申


Subtract ones from a 2－digit numbers

（3）Subtract the following numbers．
 ones and tens．

Subtract tens from 2-digit number


4Subtract the following numbers.

| T10 45 | T10 95 | T10 64 | T10 49 | T10 69 | T10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -10 | -60 | -50 | -20 | -50 | -10 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| T0] | T10 | T0 | T10 | T0 | T10 |
| 57 | 44 | 86 | 77 | 84 | 68 |
| -40 | -20 | -40 | -50 | -40 | -20 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| T0 | TO | TO | T0 | T0 | T10 |
| 63 | 39 | 74 | 69 | 54 | 62 |
| -30 | -20 | -20 | -20 | -40 | -30 |

Teacher's Note Teacher will help the students to subtract tens from two-digit numbers.

Subtract 2-digit numbers from 2-digit numbers

ey Complete the following:


Teacher's Note Teacher will help the students in subtraction of two-digit numbers.

## Subtract mentally:

I ate 5 sweets out of 15 sweets.
How many sweets are left?

Ali has 14 balloons. Aftab has 12 balloons. How many more balloons does Ali have than Aftab?


Seema has 13 roses.
If she gives 1 rose to her friend. How many roses are left with her?


There were 24 colour pencils in the box.
Amir has used 18 colour pencils.
How many pencils left in the box.


A shopkeeper had 19 eggs. He sold 6 eggs.
How many eggs were left?


Teacher's Note Teacher will help the students to subtract the number mentally.

## Construct subtraction equation



Count and complete the following.


Teacher will help the students to construct subtraction equations through pictures.

## MEASUREMENT OF LENGTH AND MASS

## COMPARISON OF OBJECTS

Long, longer, longest
Tick $(\checkmark)$ the longest and cross $(x)$ the longer object.




Colour.


Longest


Longer


$\square$
Long


Teacher will help the students to identify by comparing the objects, which one is long, longer and the longest.

## MEASUREMENT OF LENGTH AND MASS (Comparison of objects)

## Short, shorter, shortest

1
Tick $(\checkmark)$ the short and cross $(x)$ the shortest object.

Short $\checkmark$


Colour.


Teacher will help the students to identify by comparing the objects, which one is short, shorter and the shortest.

## Tall, taller, tallest

Tick $(\checkmark)$ the taller and cross $(X)$ the tall object.


Colour.


Tallest


Teacher's Note
Teacher will help the students to identify by comparing the objects, which one is tall, taller and the tallest.

## MEASUREMENT OF LENGTH AND MASS (Comparison of objects)

## High, higher, highest

Tick $(\checkmark)$ the highest and cross $(X)$ the higher object.


Colour.


## High



## Higher

Highest


Teacher will help the students to identify by comparing the objects, which one is high, higher and the highest.

Heavy, heavier, heaviest

$\square$
Tick $(\checkmark)$ the heaviest and cross $(X)$ the heavy object.
Heaviest $\checkmark$
Heavier
Heavy $x$


Colour.


## Heavy



## Heavier





Heaviest

## MEASUREMENT OF LENGTH AND MASS (Comparison of objects)

## Light, lighter, lightest

Tick $(\checkmark)$ the light and cross $(x)$ the lightest object.
Light $\checkmark$


## Lighter

## Lightest $\times$



Colour.

Light


Lighter


Lightest


## MONEY

## PAKISTANI CURRENCY

## Coins



1 Rupee Coin


2 Rupee Coin
Currency notes

FRONT SIDE



5 Rupee Coin

10 Rupee Note

BACK SIDE



20 Rupee Note


50 Rupee Note


100 Rupee Note
 and notes by showing real currency.

## MONEY

## EQUIVALENT SETS OF MONEY

Match a group of coins or notes.


How much money will you pay to buy?


Rs 12 Rs 15


I have Rs 90 . How much money is left after the purchase of given object?


## MONEY

## COMPARING MONEY



Change the notes into coins or notes.


I have Rs 50. How much money is required to buy one item from the following?




$$
\text { (55)-(50) }=\bigcirc
$$



(4)Subtract and circle ( $\bigcirc$ ) the correct amount:

| Amount to be paid | Currency, paid | Amount to be returned |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rs 4 |  |  |
| Rs 30 |  |  |
| Rs 45 |  |  |
| Rs 80 |  |  |

Ali has Rs 100 only.
Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) only those groups of toys that he can buy.


Teacher's Note
Teacher will help the students to determine enough money is available for purchase.

[
Add the following.


Teacher's Note
Teacher will help the students to add or subtract different combination coins/notes.

## TIME AND DATE

## TIME

This is an Analog clock.


The short hand tells us the hours.
The long hand tells us the minutes.


Read and tell the time in numbers and in words.


3 O' Clock
Three O' Clock


O' Clock
O' Clock

$\square$ O' Clock


O' Clock

O' Clock
O' Clock


O' Clock

O' Clock


## This is a Digital clock.



Read and tell the time.


O' Clock


## TIME AND DATE

## DATE

Days of the week


There are ................... days in a week.
Today is

Yesterday was

Tomorrow will be


Write the missing names of the days.
Monday, Tuesday , Wednesday
Thursday, $\qquad$ ,

Saturday, $\qquad$ $\longrightarrow$

Tuesday, $\qquad$ ,
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Monday
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ Thursday
$\qquad$ Friday

Months of the solar year


Teacher's Note Teacher will help the students to name orally the solar months of the year.

## GEOMETRY

## IDENTIFICATION OF BASIC SHAPES

0 Join the objects of similar shapes in each block.


Teacher will help the students to recognize and match objects from daily life of similar shapes.

## Basic Shapes



Rectangle



Circle


$$
\left(\begin{array}{ccccc} 
& 11 & 12 & 1 & \\
10 & & & 2 \\
9 & & & & 3 \\
8 & & & & 4
\end{array}\right)
$$

Oval
Triangle


Match the shape with its correct name.


Circle

Oval

## Rectangle

Tick $(\checkmark)$ the shape that look like $\square$


$\pi$
Tick $(\checkmark)$ the shape that look like $\square$ .


Tick $(\checkmark)$ the shape that look like $\square$ .


Tick $(\checkmark)$ the shape that look like


Tick $(\checkmark)$ the shape that look like
 life objects.

Colour the similar shapes.


O8, Look at the picture.


$\triangle$
Count and write how many shapes are given in the above picture.


## GEOMETRY

## PATTERNS

$\square$What comes next? Tick $(\checkmark)$ in the box.


Look at the pattern and then colour the last uncoloured objects.


## GEOMETRY (Patterns)

What comes next? Give order.


## GEOMETRY

## POSITION

## Inside or outside



Colour the stars inside the circle.


8
Colour the balls outside the triangle.
 inside or outside.

## GEOMETRY

Above or below

The yellow balloon is below the green balloon.

## The green balloon is

 above the yellow balloon.

Tick $(\checkmark)$ the object that is above and cross $(x)$ the object that is below:


## Over or under



Tick $(\checkmark)$ the object that is over and cross $(X)$ the object that is under:


## GEOMETRY

## Far or near

The red boat is near


The green boat is far

Tick $(\checkmark)$ the object that is near and cross $(x)$ the object that is far.
 far or near.

## Before or after

The car is before the bus.


The van is after the bus.

0
Tick $(\checkmark)$ the child before Danish and cross $(X)$ the child after Danish.

Danish


0
Circle $(\bigcirc)$ the one that comes before the cat and cross $(X)$ the one that comes after the cat.


## GEOMETRY

## Right or left

The Window is on the left side of the chair.


The vase is on the right side of the chair.

ITick $(\checkmark)$ the object on the left and cross $(X)$ the object on the right in each block.
 right or left.

